



 Network Neurological Diseases (ERN-RND)
Coordinator Universitätsklinikum Tübingen – Deutschland

DIAGNOSTIC FLOWCHART FOR EARLY-ONSET ATAXIAS



Consented by ERN-RND: July 2020



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INTRODUCTION TO THE EUROPEAN REFERENCE NETWORK FOR RARE NEUROLOGICAL DISEASES (ERN-RND):

ERN-RND is a European Reference Network established and approved by the European Union. ERN-RND is a healthcare infrastructure which focuses on rare neurological diseases (RND). The three main pillars of ERN-RND are (i) network of experts and expertise centres, (ii) generation, pooling and dissemination of RND knowledge, and (iii) implementation of e-health to allow the expertise to travel instead of patients and families.

ERN-RND unites 32 of Europe's leading expert centres as well as 10 affiliated partners in 20 member states and includes highly active patient organizations. Centres are located in Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Slovenia, Spain and the UK.

The following disease groups are covered by ERN-RND:

- Ataxias and Hereditary Spastic Paraplegias
- Atypical Parkinsonism and genetic Parkinson's disease
- Dystonia, Paroxysmal Disorder and Neurodegeneration with Brain Ion Accumulation
- Frontotemporal Dementia
- Huntingtons' Disease and other Choreas
- Leukodystrophies

Specific information about the network, the expert centres and the diseases covered can be found on the networks web site www.ern-rnd.eu.

Recommendation for clinical use: The European Reference Network for Rare Neurological Diseases developed the Diagnostic Flowchart for early-onset Ataxias to help guide the diagnosis. The Reference Network recommends the use of this Diagnostic Flowchart.

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The development of the Diagnostic Flowchart was done by the Disease group for Ataxia and Hereditary Spastic Paraplegias of ERN-RND.

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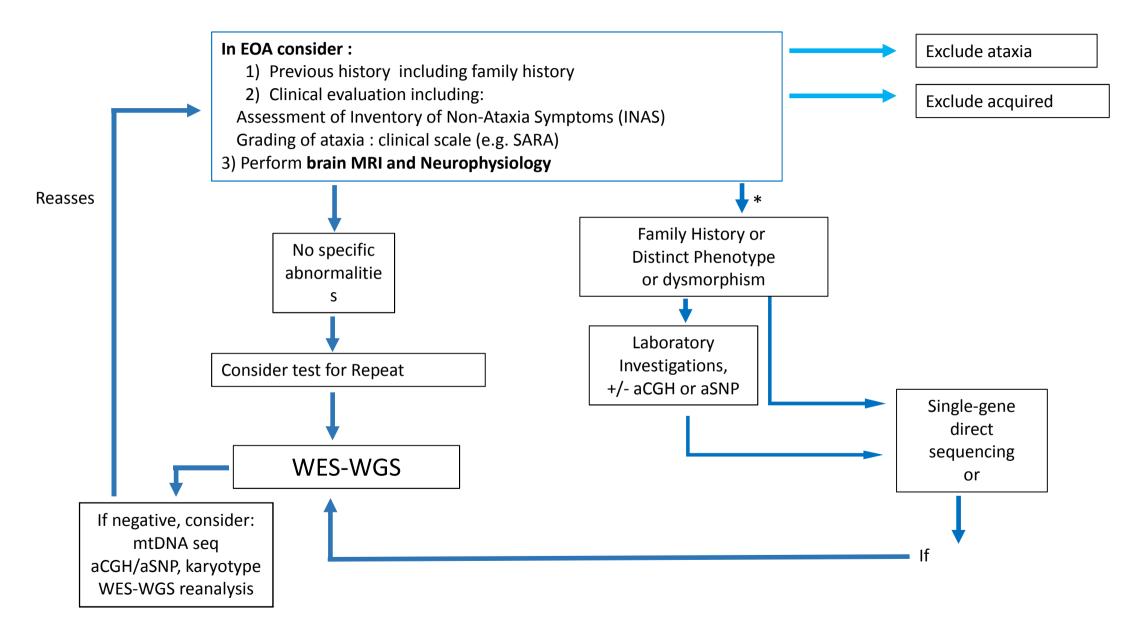
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Flowchart development process:

- Development of flowchart September 2019 July 2020
- Consent on document by whole disease group July 2020



Early Onset Ataxia





Notes:

WES-WGS could be initiated, if timely available, parallel to the investigations following brain MRI *Distinct EOA phenotypes and targeted investigations reviewed in Brandsma R et al., Eur J Paediatr Neurol 2019

Abbreviations:

aCGH – microarray-based Comparative Genomic Hybridisation aSNP – microarray-based testing for Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms mtDNA seq – Mitochondrial DNA sequencing MRI – Magnetic Resonance Imaging NGS – Next Generation Sequencing WES – Whole Exome Sequencing WGS – Whole Genome Sequencing



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